THE OFFICIAL SECRETS ACT, 1923

[19 of 1923, dt. 2-4-1923]

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to official secrets

WHEREAS it is expedient that the law relating to official secrets should be consolidated and amended; it is hereby enacted as follows:

1. Short title, extent and application

   (1) This Act may be called the Official Secrets Act, 1923.

   (2) It extends to the whole of India and applies also to servants of the Government and to citizens of India outside India.

2. Definitions

   In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,

   (1) any reference to a place belonging to Government includes a place occupied by any department of the Government, whether the place is or is not actually vested in Government;

   (2) expressions referring to communicating or receiving include any communicating or receiving, whether in whole or in part, and whether the sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, or information itself, or the substance, effect or description thereof only be communicated or received; expressions referring to obtaining or retaining any sketch, plan, model, article, note or document, include the copying or causing to be copied of the whole or any part of any sketch, plan, model, article, note or document; and expressions referring to the communication of any sketch, plan, model, article, note or document include the transfer or transmission of any sketch, plan, model, article, note or document;

   (3) "document" includes part of a document;

   (4) "model" includes design, pattern and specimen;

   (5) "munitions of war" includes the whole or any part of any ship, submarine,
aircraft, tank or similar engine, arms and ammunition, torpedo, or mine intended
or adopted for use in war, and any other article, material or device, whether
actual or proposed, intended for such use;

(6) "Office under Government" includes any office or employment in or under an
department of the Government 2[***];

(7) "photograph" includes an undeveloped film or plate;

(8) "Prohibited place" means

(a) any work of defence, arsenal, naval, military or air force establishment or
station, mine, minefield, camp, ship or aircraft belonging to, or occupied by or on
behalf of Government, any military telegraph or telephone so belonging or
occupied, any wireless or signal station or office so belonging or occupied and
any factory, dockyard or other place so belonging or occupied and used for the
purpose of building, repairing, making or storing any munitions of war, or any
sketches, plants, models or documents relating thereto, or for the purpose of
getting any metals, oil or minerals of use in time of war;

(b) any place not belonging to Government where any munitions of war or any
sketches, models, plans or documents relating thereto, are being made,
repaired, gotten or stored under contract with, or with any person on behalf of,
Government, or otherwise on behalf of Government;

(c) any place belonging to or used for the purpose of Government which is for
the time being declared by the Central Government, by notification in the Official
Gazette, to be a prohibited place for the purposes of this Act on the ground that
information with respect thereto, or damage thereto, would be useful to an
enemy, and to which a copy of the notification in respect thereof has been
affixed in English and in the vernacular of the locality;

(d) any railway, road way or channel, or other means of communication by land
or water (including any works or structures being part thereof or connected
therewith) or any place used for gas, water or electricity works or other works for
purposes of a public character, or any place where any munitions of war or any
sketches, models, plans or documents relating thereto, are being made,
repaired, or stored otherwise than on behalf of Government, which is for the time
being declared by the Central Government, by notification in Official Gazette, to
be a prohibited place for the purposes of this Act on the ground that information
with respect thereto, or the destruction or obstruction thereof, or interference
therewith, would be useful to an enemy, and to which a copy of the notification
in respect thereof has been affixed in English and in the vernacular of the
locality;
(9) "sketch" includes any photograph or other mode of representing any place of thing; and

(10) "Superintendent of Police" includes any police officer of a like or superior rank, and any person upon whom the powers of a Superintendent of Police are for the purposes of this Act conferred by the Central Government.

3. Penalties for spying

(1) If any person for any purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State

   (a) approaches, inspects, passes over or is in the vicinity of, or enters, any prohibited place; or

   (b) makes any sketch, plan, model, or note which is calculated to be or might be or is intended to be, directly or indirectly, useful to an enemy; or

   (c) obtains, collects, records or publishes or communicates to other person any secret official code or pass word, or any sketch, plan, model, article or note or other document or information which is calculated to be or might be or is intended to be, directly or indirectly, useful to an enemy [or which relates to a matter the disclosure of which is likely to affect the sovereignty and integrity of India, the security of the State or friendly relations with foreign States],

   he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend, where the offence is committed in relation to any work of defence, arsenal, naval, military or air force establishment or station, mine, minefield, factory, dockyard, camp, ship or aircraft or otherwise in relation to the naval, military or air force affairs of Government or in relation to any secret official code, to fourteen years and in other cases to three years.

(2) On a prosecution for an offence punishable under this section it shall not be necessary to show that the accused person was guilty of any particular act tending to show a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State, and, notwithstanding that no such act is proved against him, he may be convicted if, from the circumstances of the case or his conduct or his known character as proved, it appears that his purpose was a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State; and if any sketch, plan, model, article, note, document or information relating to or used in any prohibited place, or relating to anything in such a place, or any secret official code or pass word is made, obtained, collected, recorded, published or communicated by any person other than a person acting under lawful authority, and from the circumstances of the case or
his conduct or his known character as proved it appears that his purpose was a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State, such sketch, plan, model, article, note, document, 2[information, code or pass word shall be presumed to have been made], obtained, collected, recorded, published or communicated for a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of the State.

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**Substituted by the Act 24 of 1967.**

***Words "or of the Government of the United Kingdom or of any British possession" omitted by Act 24 of 1967.***